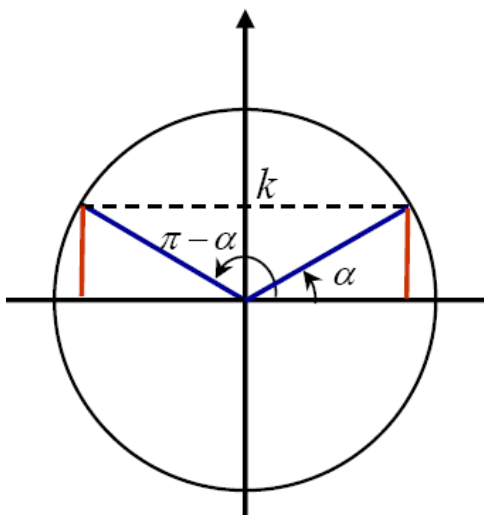




## MATEMÁTICA 11º PG

### Ficha de Trabalho 5 - Equações trigonométricas

1. Equações do tipo:  $\text{sen } x = k$  (só são possíveis se  $-1 \leq k \leq 1$ )



$$\begin{aligned} \text{sen } x = k &\Leftrightarrow \text{sen } x = \text{sen } \alpha \Leftrightarrow \\ &\Leftrightarrow x = \alpha + 2k\pi \vee x = \pi - \alpha + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

Exemplo 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sen } x = \frac{1}{2} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow \text{sen } x = \text{sen } \frac{\pi}{6} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \vee x = \pi - \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \vee x = \frac{6\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \vee x = \frac{6\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} &\Leftrightarrow \end{aligned}$$

#### Exercícios:

1. Resolva as seguintes equações em  $\mathbb{R}$ :

1.1.  $\text{sen } x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

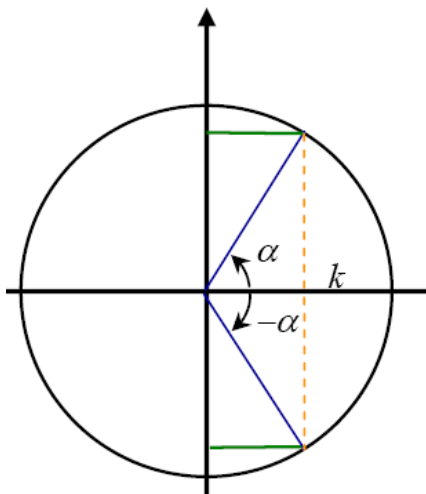
1.2.  $\text{sen } x = 3$

1.3.  $2\text{sen } x = -1$

1.4.  $-2\text{sen } x = \sqrt{2}$

1.5.  $1 + \text{sen } x = 0$

2. **Equações do tipo:**  $\cos x = k$  (só são possíveis se  $-1 \leq k \leq 1$ )



$$\begin{aligned} \cos x = k &\Leftrightarrow \cos x = \cos \alpha \Leftrightarrow \\ &\Leftrightarrow x = \pm \alpha + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

*Exemplo 2:*

$$\begin{aligned} \cos x = -\frac{1}{2} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow \cos x = \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow x = \pm \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

**Exercícios:**

2. **Resolva** as seguintes equações em  $\mathbb{R}$ :

2.1.  $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

2.2.  $2 \cos x = -1$

2.3.  $-2 \cos x = \sqrt{2}$

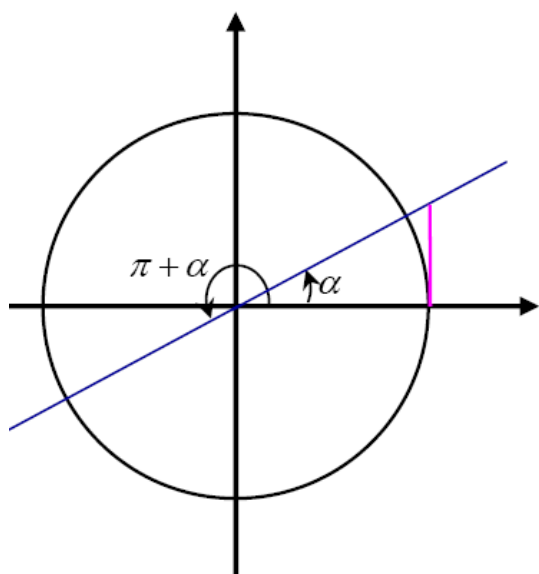
2.4.  $1 + \cos x = 0$

2.5.  $\cos(2x) = \frac{1}{2}$

2.6.  $\cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0$

2.7.  $2 + \cos x = 0$

### 3. Equações do tipo: $\tan x = k$



$$\begin{aligned} \tan x = k &\Leftrightarrow \tan x = \tan \alpha \Leftrightarrow \\ &\Leftrightarrow x = \alpha + k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

Exemplo 3:

$$\begin{aligned} \tan x = \sqrt{3} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow \tan x = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) &\Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

**Exercícios:**

3. **Resolva** as seguintes equações em  $\mathbb{R}$ :

3.1.  $\tan x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

3.2.  $\tan x = -1$

3.3.  $-3 \tan x = \sqrt{3}$

3.4.  $\sqrt{3} + \tan x = 0$

3.5.  $\tan(2x) = 1$

3.6.  $\tan\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3}$